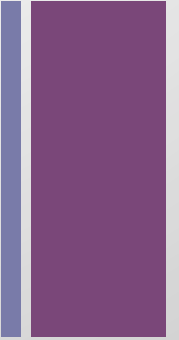




# **MANAGEMENT AND THE USE OF DATA**

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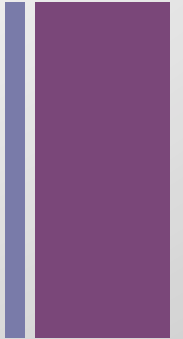
# + Norms



- ◆ Cell phones on silence
- ◆ Limit sidebars
- ◆ Respectful of others
- ◆ Confidentiality
- ◆ Active participation

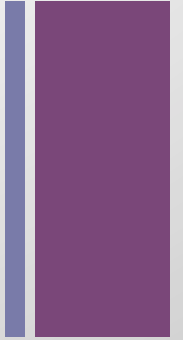


# OBJECTIVE



At the end of the session participants will be able to:

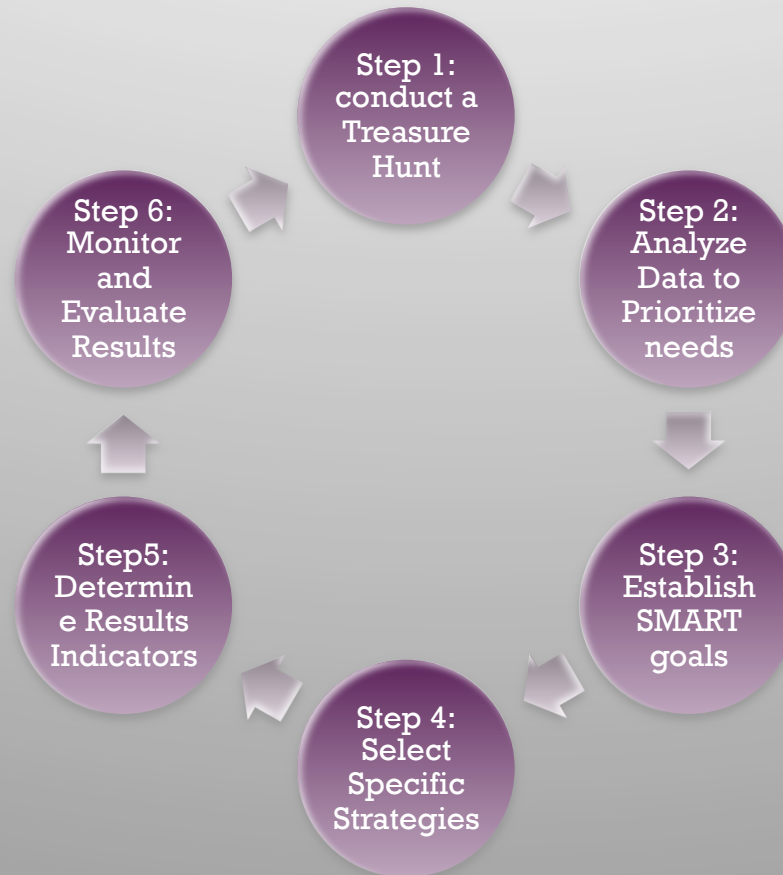
- ◆ Develop a deeper understanding of the decision making for results: Data-Driven Decision Making
- ◆ Increase their awareness of the relevance of data and its impact on teaching, learning and listening
- ◆ Apply the Decision Making for Results: Data-Driven Decision Making process to monitor teaching, learning and leadership



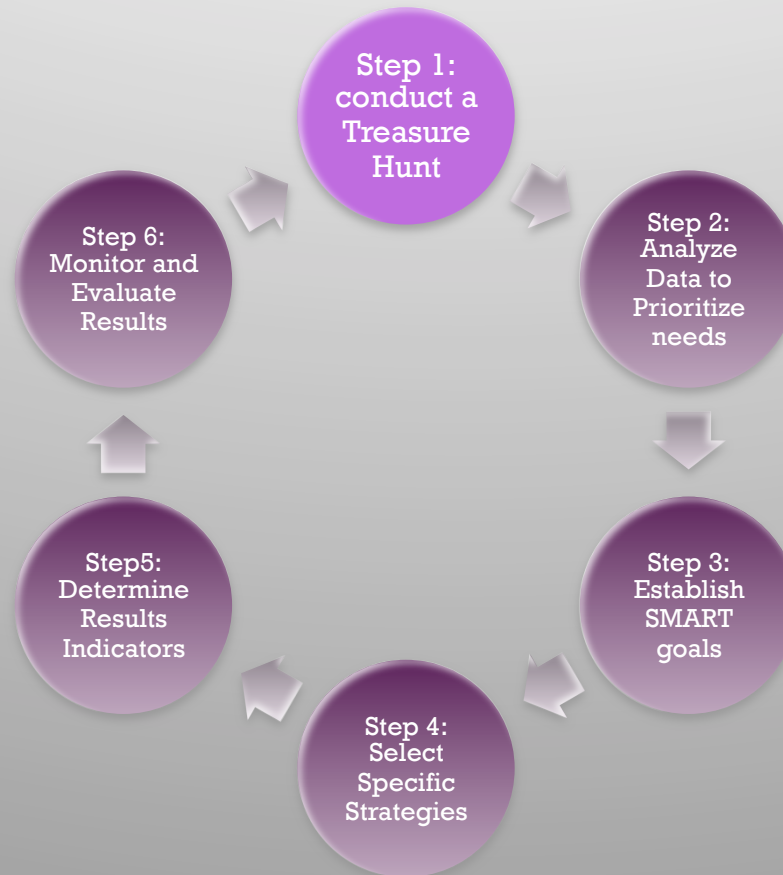
“ Continuous Improvement is the foundation of effective data-driven decision making (DDMM). It provides a process to identify needed improvements, develop a strategy to make the improvements, make adjustments along the way, and learn lessons from the process for the next level of improvements; hence it is continuous.”(White, 2011)



# The Decision Making for Results Six-Step Results

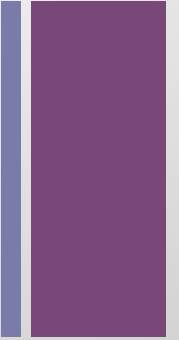


# + Conduct a Treasure Hunt





# Treasure Hunt

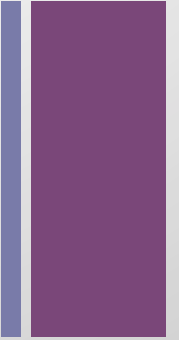


Reason for treasure hunt:

To gather and organize data to gain insights about teaching, learning and leadership practices:



# Treasure Hunt

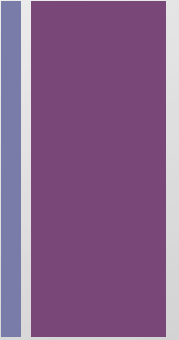


- ◆ Identify data being utilized in your school/grade
- ◆ Organize the data
- ◆ Disaggregate data where needed





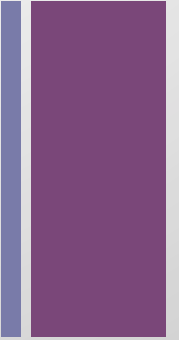
# Treasure Hunt



- ◆ If you are not performing well what are the sub skills not working
- ◆ How is the system working
- ◆ Focus on systems we have control over



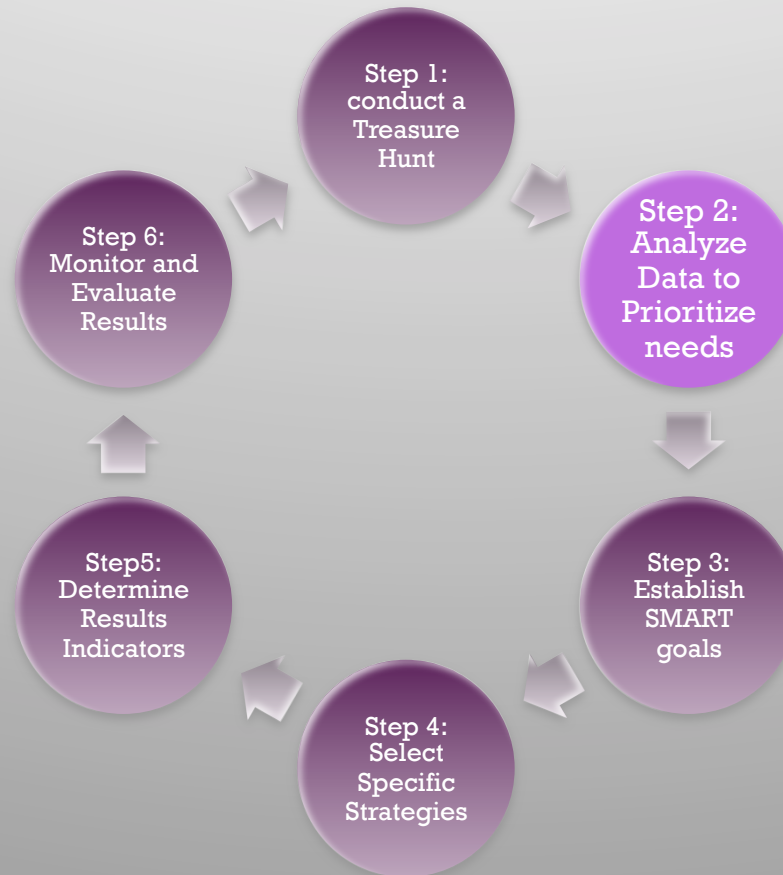
# Reflection



What data do you disaggregate and how do you use the information?

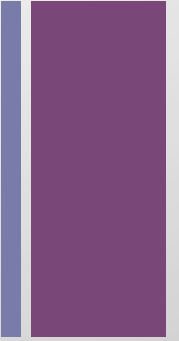


# Analyze data to prioritize needs





# Analyze Data and Prioritize needs

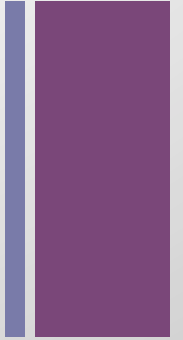


Analyze data to :

- ◆ Identify areas of concern
- ◆ Identify cause for celebration
- ◆ Complete item analysis
- ◆ Identify areas of strengths/needs

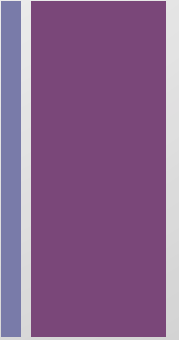


# Analyze Data to Prioritize needs



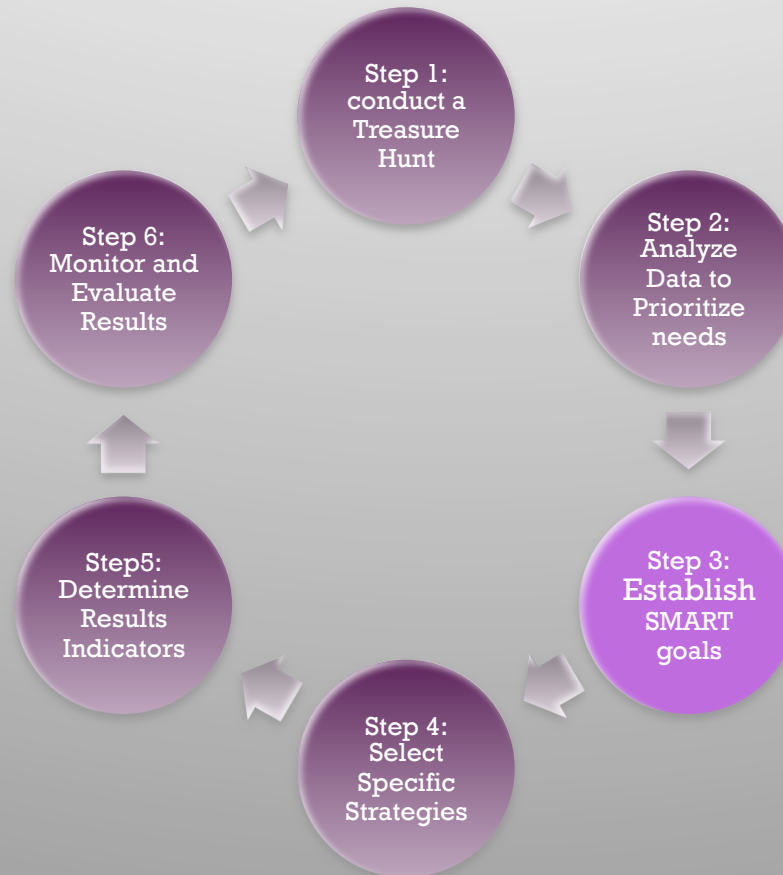
Quality prioritization requires a thorough understanding of:

- ◆Curriculum and Power/priority standards
- ◆Quality of program implementation
- ◆Factors affecting student achievement



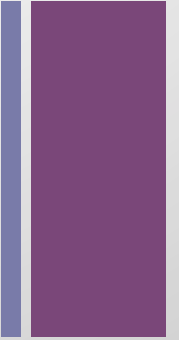
“The value of data emerges only when analysis provides insights that direct decisions for students.”  
White, 2005

# + Establish SMART Goal





# SMART

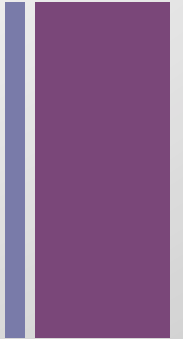


- ◆ Specific
- ◆ Measurable
- ◆ Achievable
- ◆ Relevant
- ◆ Timely





# SMART Goal

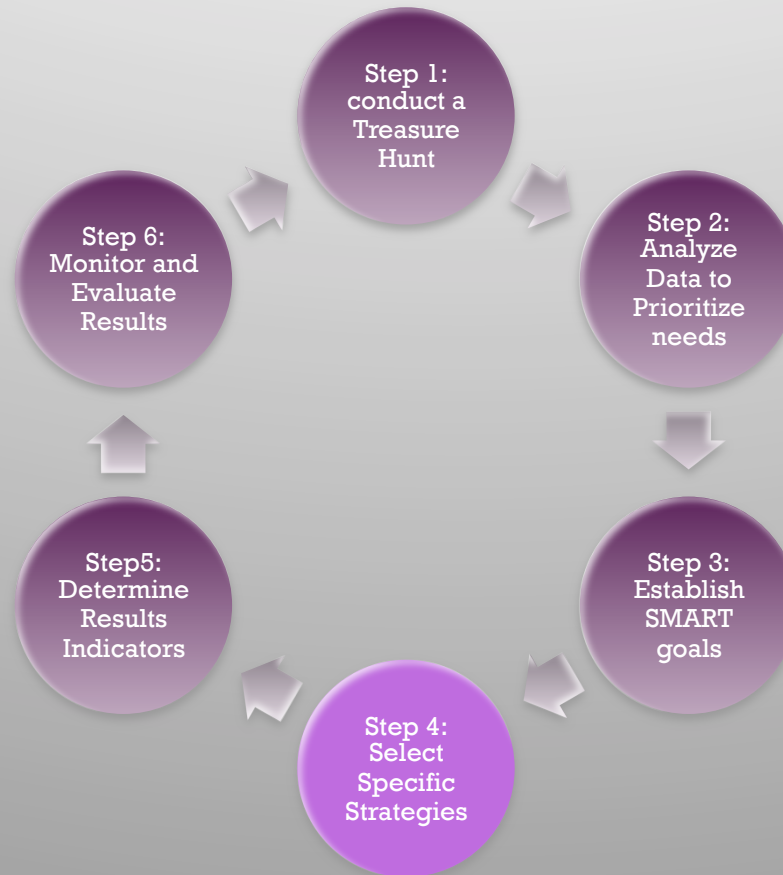


◆Percentage of student group\_\_\_\_\_scoring  
proficient or higher in (content area)\_\_\_\_\_  
will increase from \_\_\_\_\_% to \_\_\_\_\_% by  
the end of the \_\_\_\_\_school year as measured  
by (Assessment tool)\_\_\_\_\_administered in (month,  
year)

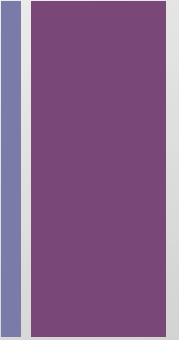
# + Establish Smart Goal

Discuss what would be your SMART goal as you think about your school student achievement based on your data

# + Select Specific Strategies



# + Select Specific Strategies

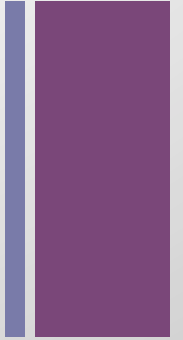


Four types of strategies

- ◆ Instructional
- ◆ Organizational
- ◆ Leadership
- ◆ Programmatic



# Research- Based Strategies



## **Increase**

Active learning

Cooperative, collaborative activity

Heterogeneous grouping

Reliance on teachers descriptive evaluation

Student choice

Diversity of teacher role

## **Decrease**

Student passivity

Whole class, teacher directed instruction

Tracking or leveling into ability group

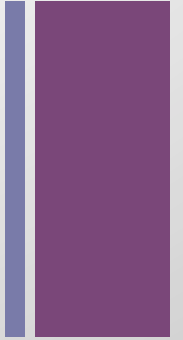
Memorization of fact

Worksheets, workbooks , seat time

Presentational, one way transmission of information from teacher to student



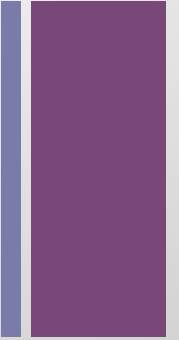
# Responsibilities of School leaders



- ◆ Monitoring/Evaluation
- ◆ Outreach
- ◆ Flexibility
- ◆ Situational Awareness
- ◆ Change Agent
- ◆ Culture
- ◆ Communication
- ◆ Order
- ◆ Knowledge of and Involvement in Curriculum, Instruction and Assessment



# Reflection

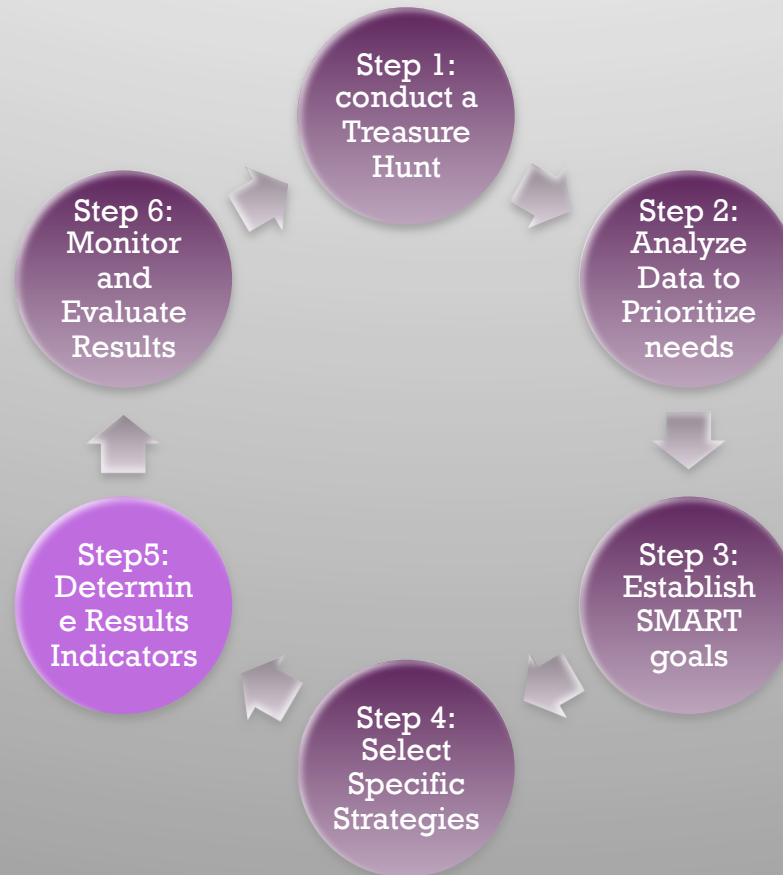


Which strategies exist in your building?

Which roles does the leader in your building display?



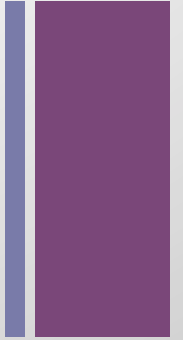
# Determine Result Indicator







# Determine Result Indicators



Reason: To monitor the degree of of implementation and evaluate the effectiveness of the strategy

- ◆ Interim Assessment

- ◆ Determine if strategy is having the desired effect

- ◆ Correct strategy if necessary

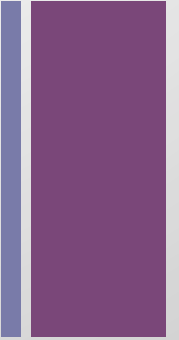


# Monitor and Evaluate Results





# Monitor and Evaluate Results



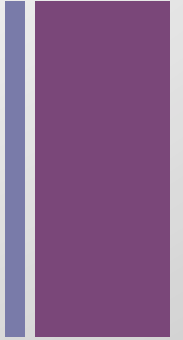
Reason:

To engage in a continuous improvement cycle :

- ◆ Midcourse Correction
- ◆ Fidelity of implementation



# Monitor and Evaluate Results



“Inspect what you expect.” (Author Unknown)

Things to consider in Monitoring Plan

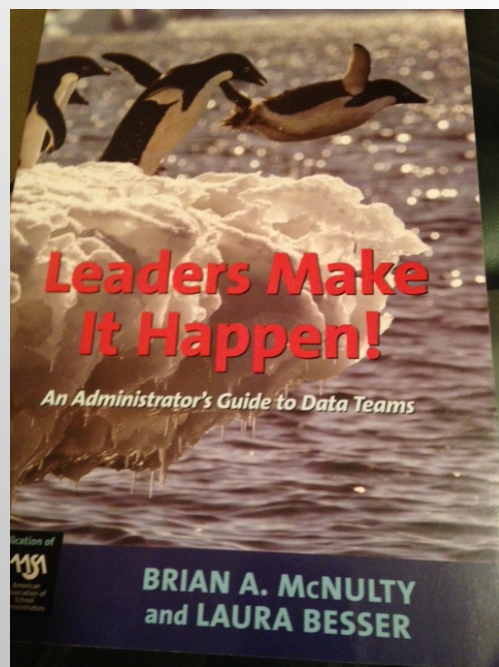
- ◆ Data Teams
- ◆ Monitoring Cycles
- ◆ Goals
- ◆ Strategies
- ◆ Student and adult Feedback
- ◆ Flexibility to make mid-course correction if needed



“Data is only as valuable as our ability to respond to the needs it reveals.” (White, 2005)



## RESOURCES



## RESOURCES

